

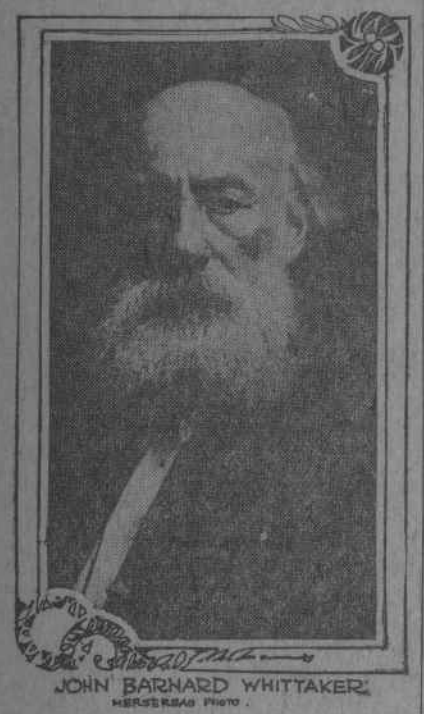
## PREFERS ART TO CARNEGIE PENSION

Professor John B. Whittaker, for Forty Years a Teacher in Brooklyn, Declines to Quit.

### ART SCHOOL FOUNDER

Has Made Adelphi Famous—Finds Time to Be Painter and Sculptor.

Professor John Barnard Whittaker, who has been teaching art in Brooklyn for more than forty years, and has been director of Adelphi College and Academy for thirty-seven years, yesterday told his friends that he refused to retire on a Carnegie teacher's pension, although he is entitled to one. He was one of the founders of the old Brooklyn Art School, and for seven years secretary of the Brooklyn Academy of Design. He has made the Adelphi Art School famous, until



JOHN BARNARD WHITTAKER.  
HERALD PHOTO.

It has drawn pupils from all over the country, and while giving the best part of himself to teaching he has found time to be a painter and a sculptor, being as well known for his pictures as for his instruction.

Closely resembling Walt Whitman in his long beard, his keen eyes and the slouch hat he wears, Professor Whittaker is familiar to every one in Brooklyn streets. His simplicity of manner, blended with a whimsical humor, makes his visits, who seeks him in his studio on the top floor of St. James place building feel at home immediately.

With a twinkle in his eye he tells a story of how he was once cured of an over-sensitiveness to criticism. "It was about a picture I painted when a very young man," he said. "I called it 'The Reconciler.' It had trappers and Indians in it, as well as morning, noon and night, and all the four seasons. I never knew why they accepted it and hung it on the walls of the Academy, but they did."

"Then I felt that I was a big man. My complacency lasted until the next day's paper came out. For it had this criticism:—'The Reconciler.' This picture is purely comic."

"I raged up and down my room that night. Couldn't tell whether to kill the editor or the fellow who wrote the notice. I wound up with a fit of crying, and that cured me. After all, criticism is only one man's opinion. But I know that must have been a funny picture. It is like to see it again," added the professor, chuckling.

Since then many famous pictures are to his credit. Some of them are "The Puritan Maid," "Comedy and Tragedy," "The Father," "Romance," "Mendicants," "The Jew," "The Doughty Question," "The Judge's Story," "The Discussion," and many others. The study of old men of interesting personality has always been a favorite one with Professor Whittaker. He has also done some fine work in sculpture, having somewhat late in life taken up modelling. "Any man who can draw can model," he says.

The class rooms at Adelphi are on the top floor of the building, where they occupy several rooms and are finely equipped. Here many artists were trained who have since acquired fame, among them William Orndway Partridge, Frank Boggs, Albert Lucas (the two latter settled in Paris), George Hartwell, Harry Roseland, Wilson De Meza, Joseph Boston, E. A. Rorke, Stanley Middleton, Orrin Simonds, Hugh O. Eaton, Harry Edwards, W. E. Plympton, and the Misses Eleanor Hamster, Shirley Turner, Augustus Edith Sawyer, Carrie Carter and a host of others who are known here and abroad as painters, illustrators, sculptors and decorators.

This famous teacher was born in Templemore, Ireland, in 1837. The family came to America in 1848, and it was in Brooklyn that, at twenty, John Whittaker decided to devote himself to art as a profession. He has always been noted for his ability to start the growth and foster the development of individual talent in a pupil. He believes that the best instruction cannot be given without an understanding of the pupil's character and sympathy with him. He has always kept up a sincere and friendly interest in the careers of his "boys and girls" and given them aid in the many perplexities of an artistic life.

Teacher and painter, the professor is a busy man. Some of his finest efforts have been in the direction of portrait painting, and here he is still meeting with marked success. An unfinished portrait of William Cullen Bryant is one of his prized possessions. The completion of this was prevented by the illness of the poet.

### ARRANGING TEACHERS' TRIP.

President's Brother Elected to Committee for Visit to Germany in July.

Charles P. Taft, of Cincinnati, brother of President Taft, and Richard Bartholdi, Representative from Missouri, were elected members of the Advisory Committee of the National German-American Teachers' Association yesterday. This committee was organized some time ago to assist in carrying out the plans of the proposed teachers' trip to Germany next July.

## STUDENTS FIGHT FIRE IN COLUMBIA

Their Dining Hall Threatened, They Attack the Blaze with Line of Hose.

Fighting for their evening meal, Columbia University students in the university dining hall, the Commons, last night carried a line of hose into the kitchen of the restaurant and extinguished a blaze which threatened to destroy the symposium building, in which the establishment is located.

As the students were filing into the entrance of the building in the rear of the university library, a light reflecting in the sky above warned them that something was wrong, and rushing into the hall they found that fire had started from the flues of the series of big ranges in the kitchen of the cafe. Sounding a warning to the students already in the dining room, the boys made a dash for a line of hose on the wall and soon a stream of water was playing on the fire.

### OIL TANKS EMPTIED AS FIRE THREATENS

Big Blaze in Standard Company's Plant Is Fought from Land and River.

Spontaneous combustion is supposed to have started what turned out to be a stubborn blaze in the Pratt plant of the Standard Oil Company, at the foot of North Twelfth street, Williamsburg, yesterday. The flames first appeared in the canning department at the east end of the 400 foot pier.

The employees vainly tried to extinguish the blaze and finally turned in an alarm. By the time the firemen reached the oil plant the flames had reached the pier where many thousand cases filled with canned oil were awaiting shipment. As the flames threatened several barges at the foot of the pier, the Standard Oil Company pulled them out of the danger zone. Three additional alarms were turned in, and while the firemen fought the fire from every vantage point in the plant the fire boats Zophar, Miller, George B. McClellan and Abraham Hewitt poured streams of water from the river. Employees with hose kept the oil tanks nearest the blaze cool, while the oil was pumped through underground pipes to refineries in Long Island City and Blissville. The fire was kept confined to the canning department and the damage was about \$30,000.

### Yesterday's Fires.

Fires recorded yesterday were:—  
12:05 A. M., No. 43 avenue A: Jacob Greenberg; \$200.  
2:15 A. M., No. 91 Eldridge street; Pack & Rubin; \$300.  
2:20 A. M., No. 53 Orchard street; Henry Flanagan; trifling.  
3:05 A. M., No. 84 avenue A; G. Gross; no damage.  
3:22 A. M., No. 158 East Thirtieth street; John Giarne; \$2,000.  
5:20 A. M., No. 5 Cedar street; Ruyen & Lopez; \$5,000.  
6:30 A. M., 193d street and Third avenue; Central Railroad of New Jersey; \$3,000.  
9:10 A. M., No. 614 East 125th street; Max Glossman; trifling.  
11:10 A. M., No. 248 Canal street; Mr. Soud; \$240.  
4:15 P. M., No. 236 East 100th street; B. Schulman; trifling.  
4:50 P. M., No. 179 Madison street; M. Lesse; trifling.  
5:15 P. M., No. 1,058 Southern Boulevard; John Taverne; \$1,800.  
6:15 P. M., No. 174 Washington street; New York Steam Heating Company; \$5.  
6:20 P. M., No. 246 East 100th street; Mary Carve; trifling.  
6:20 P. M., No. 821 Riverside Drive; Julius Mayer; trifling.  
6:45 P. M., No. 157 East Ninety-sixth street; B. Molasky; trifling.  
6:50 P. M., No. 826 Tenth avenue; Rose McCreck; trifling.

### JAMES R. HOWE HAS DOUBLE ANNIVERSARY

Celebrates with Family and Friends Birthday and Occasion of Wedding—In Good Health.

James R. Howe, one time Representative in Congress, who lives at No. 188 South Ninth street, Williamsburg, celebrated his seventy-third birthday and his forty-ninth wedding anniversary yesterday with his wife, Mrs. Emeline D. Howe, their son, James R. Howe, Jr., and their grandchildren, James R. Howe, 3d, eight years old; Adele R., six years old, and Marian E., one and a half years old. There was a dinner in the evening to celebrate the double event at which his family and a few intimate friends were present.

Mr. Howe said he is in good health, with the exception of a cold which had settled in the eye. He said his one only great regret was that he and his family would soon be compelled to vacate the dwelling which had been their home for thirty-nine years, as the property had been acquired by the city for the widening of Boelbing street.

Mr. Howe was Representative in the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth sessions and in 1900 was elected Register of Kings county, serving two terms. He gave the extra fees of his office, amounting to \$50,000, for an equestrian statue of General George Washington which stands on the Brooklyn plaza of the Williamsburg Bridge. It was unveiled on September 25, 1906, by his grandson, James Robinson Howe, 3d.

## SEES TWO SIDES TO DOLLAR DIPLOMACY

Senor Moncada Finds English Pound and German Mark Figure in Nicaragua Troubles.

### CITES CASE OF PERSIA

Says Latin Americans Look to United States for Their Financial Salvation.

That the English pound and the German mark have had as much to do with disturbed conditions in Nicaragua as has the American dollar is the opinion of Senor Don José M. Moncada, formerly Minister of the Interior in that country. At the St. George Hotel, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon Mr. Moncada expressed himself in well chosen words. He argues that Secretary of State Knox has been doing all in his power to further American interests and aid Nicaragua by assisting in the establishment of a bank financed by Americans. Mr. Moncada said:—

"Of course, Secretary Knox had to contend with the difficulty of competition among New York bankers, and the disappointed naturally will grumble. Likewise he is contending in Nicaragua with the difficulty presented by the fact that Senor Mena, the Minister of War, already had established a bank there, assisted in the enterprise by Mr. Martin, the English Consul, who in May last obtained Senor Mena's liberation from jail, where he had been confined by President Estrada for conspiracy. Advised by this same English Consul and spurred on by various opponents of American influence in Nicaragua, Senor Mena then sought to seize the Presidency of the republic."

Questions Senor Mena's Election. Upon the approval of the American loan these advisers of Senor Mena saw fit to resign the important positions to which he had appointed them. But Senor Mena remained in the War Department and caused himself to be elected President for 1912, the election being made not by the people of Nicaragua, but by an Assembly which had no lawful power for such action. Thus exalted, he retained possession of the war material of the country, as a guarantee of future power; but when he found that a bank would really be established with American capital, which would undoubtedly disrupt the possession of the war material of the country, and render American influence nugatory in Nicaragua. "Neither Estrada nor Diaz has been with him. On the contrary, both have been most earnestly desirous that American capital should enter Nicaragua in an honest, civilizing form, and I myself have recently published two pamphlets on the subject of this economic influence, convinced, as I am, that it is absolutely the only means to terminate revolutions in these countries."

Undoubtedly Secretary Knox, being an American patriot, desires to promote the commercial interests of the United States. But, unfortunately, so many other interests also exist in this country that some of the capitalists and their agents have not been contented with the result.

### Cites Dollar Diplomacy in Persia.

"In Persia America has surrendered the field to England and Russia. In Nicaragua America has power to yield to the Germans or the English, as it sees fit, and in such manner I, as a foreigner, cannot meddle. But I have a right, and it is my duty, to let the truth be known and show that my country, like many others of the world, is a circus wherein the Powers are disputing the predominance of the dollar. We Nicaraguans and other Central Americans can do nothing but bear the brunt of the trouble caused by our weakness and poverty. Nevertheless, I must say in justice that in all the agreements or treaties up to this time made by the Taft government with Nicaragua I have found naught but honorable and patriotic propositions. Furthermore, the establishment of a national bank in Nicaragua, financed by American capital and managed by respectable directors and firms, is the true means for the prevention of revolutions in Nicaragua and the promotion of American commerce there. Many residents of Nicaragua are convinced that any government of the United States would treat us better than England or Germany because we form a part of the continent and also through respect for the Monroe Doctrine."

### NOW IT'S THE SPIRITUAL BE-GIRA.—The story of the Wright-Cheney case of strange matrimonial entanglement, in which the principals defied public opinion in defence of a principle. Next Sunday's NEW YORK HERALD.

### THREE MARRIAGES IN SAME FAMILY

Weddings Which Interest Plainfield Folk Began Last October, the Most Recent Being Yesterday.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE HERALD.] PLAINFIELD, N. J., Saturday.—The marriage of Miss Helen Farland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Farland, of this city, and Mr. Clarence Irving Smalley, son of Mr. and Mrs. Newton B. Smalley, of North Plainfield, which took place this afternoon in New York city, was the third wedding in the Smalley family within a few months.

In October Miss Helen Farland, a sister of Mr. Clarence I. Smalley, was married to Mr. Ralph Taylor while her parents were at the Princeton-Yale football game. A few days ago Miss Florence Smalley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David C. Smalley, announced that on October 11 last she was married to Dr. George Herr, of Waterbury, Conn., in New York city.

## Senator Wainwright Talks to Dobbs Ferry High School Pupils

Sleepy Hollow Country Club to Limit Its Membership—Westchester County Enrollment Under New Primary Law Shows a Big Falling Off.

J. Mayhew Wainwright, State Senator, spoke in the Dobbs Ferry High School Friday night on "Compensation for Work Accidents."

The governors of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club have announced that the membership of the organization will be limited to 500. The club has 700 members. Representatives of Ossining and Briarcliff at a hearing before the State Department of Highways in Albany requested that that portion of the new State road which will pass through their villages be paved with brick instead of macadam.

William J. Wallin, Commissioner of Elections, has announced that, while the registration of the county was 57,665, the total enrollment under the new primary law was only 29,726.

Yonkers faces the highest tax rate in its history. The budget calls for \$2,138,845 and the rate will be \$2.54 per \$1,000. The assessment roll showed an increase of \$100,000.

The citizens of Mount Vernon have subscribed \$50 toward celebrating Mount Vernon day, the occasion being the opening of the New York, Westchester and Boston Railway.

William J. Doyle, Sheriff of the county, has appointed a dog catcher for Port Chester, to operate outside the corporate limits. There have been complaints about dogs in Port Chester, and only recently Thomas J. Blain, an editor, was bitten by one.

The Town Park Commission of Rye has voted to construct 363 more bath houses and a well house at an expense of \$10,000. Chauncey T. Scott, of Scarsdale, who retired recently from the Board of Supervisors after serving twenty-nine years, gave a dinner to one hundred of his friends at the Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, Thursday evening.

George T. Jenkins, recently Under Sheriff, has been appointed clerk in Sing Sing Prison, at a salary of \$2,000.

For the first time this year ice boating was enjoyed on the Hudson last week. The ice heretofore has been too rough.

After being out five minutes a jury in the Supreme Court at White Plains Monday decided that there was no cause for action in a \$15,000 suit for alleged libel brought by J. J. Bartfield Purdy against the Ossining Citizen.

The Commission Form of Government Association of Mount Vernon has asked the Mayor and Common Council to petition the Senator and Assemblyman to present to the Legislature the charter bill which was passed by the Senate last year.

E. Schlimer, Jr., of White Plains, has made a report on the removal of 6,000 fish from the Kensico Reservoir to Rye Lake. The cost of same was \$44.10.

The annual meeting of the Westchester County G. A. R. will be held in the new City Hall, Yonkers, Wednesday evening.

By order of the District Attorney the police of North Tarrytown Thursday removed all the nickel in the slot machines in the village.

stenographer by the Law Reporting Company, No. 113 Broadway, and boarding at No. 635 Fifth-street. She was working overtime in the office Friday, not leaving until after midnight. When she alighted from a Fifth avenue car at Fifty-fifth street and started for her boarding place she noticed that she was being followed by a man.

As she entered the front yard of her house she was seized by the man, struck twice in the face by his clenched fist and knocked to the sidewalk. Her screams attracted Policeman George Burton, of the Fourth avenue station, and his approach frightened away the girl's assailant.

Miss Driefield was carried to her room and later was able to get the police a description of the man. She described him as dark, 5 feet 10 inches in height, weighing about 150 pounds and smooth shaven. Miss Hannah Blitt, of No. 7,236 Seventh avenue, was a victim of a similar attack Thursday night.

Chance. A third instalment of Joseph Conrad's fine story of the sea will appear, illustrated, in next Sunday's NEW YORK HERALD. A synopsis of what has gone before accompanies it, but you can't afford to miss a chapter.

### HOMELESS, DYING, BUFFETED

Michael McClellan, Aged 60, Falls in Street and Succumbs to Starvation and Exposure.

Starvation and exposure caused the death yesterday in Brooklyn of Michael

McClellan, who had no home and was about sixty years old. McClellan dropped exhausted and unconscious to the sidewalk in front of the quarters of Engine Company No. 119, in Dean street, near Underhill avenue. Firemen carried him into the engine house and summoned Dr. Hall, of the Swedish Hospital. The ambulance surgeon revived McClellan, but he refused to take the man to the hospital, saying it was a case for the Department of Charities.

Realizing that they could not keep the man in the engine house, the firemen notified a policeman, who had McClellan taken to the Grand avenue police station in a patrol wagon. McClellan became unconscious soon after his arrival there and Dr. Hall was again summoned. He again revived McClellan, but the latter died in a few minutes.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.

DRY GOODS, &C.